	Code No. : 312	02
I	VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous), HYDERABAD B.E. (E.E.E.) III Year I-Semester (Main) Examinations, Nov./Dec2016	
	Electrical Machinery-II	
Гim	e: 3 hours Note: Answer ALL questions in Part-A and any FIVE from Part-B Max. Marks: 70	
	Part-A (10 \times 2 = 20 Marks)	
1.	What is the effect of unequal X/R ratio in the parallel operation of 1-phase transformer?	
2.	What are the conditions to be fulfilled for parallel operation of 1-phase transformers?	
3.	List the applications of 3-phase to 2-phase conversion.	
4.	Give the significance of tertiary winding in three-winding transformer.	
5.	What is the impact on the operation of 3-ph Induction Motor when any two phases are interchanged?	
5.	Draw the performance characteristics of 3-phase Induction motor.	
7.	What are the speed control methods of 3-phase Induction Motor?	
8.	List the applications of 3-phase Induction Generator.	
9.	What do you mean by single phasing in case of 3-phase transformer?	
10.	List the merits of star/delta transformers.	
	Part-B (5 \times 10 = 50 Marks)	
11.	a) Explain briefly the various cooling methods of transformers.	[
	b) A 600kVA 1-phase transformer with 0.012p.u resistance and 0.06p.u reactance is connected in parallel with a 300kVA transformer with 0.014p.u resistance and 0.045p.u reactance to share a load of 800kVA at 0.8p.f lagging. Find how they share the load if both the secondary voltages are 440V.	[
12.	a) Explain the constructional details of a 3-phase transformer.	[
	b) Two 1-phase furnaces X and Y are supplied at 100V by means of a Scott-connected transformer from a 3-phase 6600V system. The voltage of furnace X is leading. Calculate the line current on the 3-phase side, when the furnace X takes 400kW unity p.f and Y takes 800kW at 0.8p.f lagging.	[
13.	a) Explain the procedure of conducting no-load and blocked rotor tests on 3-phase Induction motor.	[

b) A 3-phase, 400V, 50Hz Induction motor takes a power input of 35kW at its full-load

slip

iii) efficienc

ii)

rotor ohmic losses

14. a) Explain the constant output power Kramer drive with neat schematic diagram.

b) Discuss in detail about the different starting methods of 3-phase induction motor.

1.5kW. Calculate

speed of 980r.p.m. The total stator losses are 1kW and the friction and windage losses are

[5]

[5]

[5]

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15.	a) Explain single-phasing in 3-phase Induction motor.	[3]
	b) A Delta-Star, 6.6/0.4kV bank of three identical single-phase transformers supplies a three-phase balanced load of 600kVA at 0.8p.f. lagging and a single-phase load of 80kW at unity p.f. between one line and neutral. Determine the magnitude of currents in each primary phase winding. Mark their values in a relevant circuit diagram. Ignore internal voltage drops and their no-load current.	[7]
16.	a) Describe all types of tests that a transformer should undergo before it is being moved to field for operation.	[5]
	b) Draw the physical connection and phasor diagram of Dy ₁ and Yd ₁₁ transformer connections.	[5]
17.	Write short notes on any <i>two</i> of the following:	
	a) Power flow diagram of 3-phase Induction motor.	[5]
	b) Double Cage Induction motor.	[5]
	c) Single-phase line to neutral load on bank of three single-phase transformers.	[5]
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